

The Journal.

WM. H. NASH, Proprietor.

TERMS:—\$1.50 in advance, or \$2 at the end of the year.

GALLIPOLIS, JUNE 4, 1874.

The New Constitution.

Under the head of Legislative, we should have stated, last week, that annual sessions of the General Assembly are provided for, and that members of the same are elected for two years.

ARTICLE III.—EXECUTIVE.

State officers are to be elected on the first Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November, instead of the second Tuesday in October. The elections are to be biennial, and for all officers at one time, instead of electing a portion of them annually as at present. These elections are to take place in the same years that members of Congress are elected. These amendments are a valuable improvement over the old system.

The new Constitution proposes that in case of the impeachment, removal, death, resignation or disability of both the Governor and Lieutenant Governor, the power shall be vested in the General Assembly to declare what officer shall act as Governor during the interregnum. The present Constitution indicates the President of the Senate as such officer.

The power of the Lieutenant Governor to vote in cases where the Senate is equally divided, is improved by being made more specific. He cannot vote upon a question relating to a bill in any stage thereof, nor upon a joint resolution, requiring the vote of a majority of the members elected to the Senate, nor in a contested election of a member of the Senate, nor in the election of a Senator in Congress.

It is required that the Senate shall serve a President *pro tempore* who shall serve during its pleasure. The practice under the present Constitution is to elect for the session.

The Judicial article is the next in order, and as the changes are numerous and important, we leave the consideration of them until next week.

One of the organs of the free whist party, in Cincinnati, having intemperately supposed that the women were crushed, develops the further programme of its friends in this manner, to-wit:

It is now time to declare war in the same way against all the mouldering relics of former puritanical times, until it will no longer occur to our legislators to make petty laws for the Sabbath, and their manner of living. Whose business is it, if a person plays billiards or ninespins on Sunday? Why should it be wrong on Sunday, and not on any other day?

So the question is not simply the lawful sale of whisky as a beverage, but with that is presented the permanency and stability of the christian civilization of the age, and of the whole enlightened world. The good people of the State and land must give careful consideration to these new issues, for they are aimed at American Liberty, and will result in its overthrow if permitted to become the dominant idea of the country, as Sodom and Gomorrah were overthrown for a similar departure from the paths of virtue.

In the U. S. Senate, on Thursday, the question of making the new Territory of Pembina came up for discussion. Mr. Sargent, of California, offered an amendment giving women the right of suffrage in the Territory to be thus formed. This excited an animated debate, and a much stronger feeling was exhibited in favor of woman suffrage than was to be expected. The amendment was supported by Stewart, of Nevada, Morton, of Indiana, Flanagan, of Texas, Carpenter, of Wisconsin, and others. Mr. Flanagan said he was a new convert to the cause of woman suffrage, and was made a convert by the glorious efforts of the women's crusade against intemperance. Women, and women only, through Almighty God, could save this country from the worst of all evils, intemperance. Women could control the country; men could not. They were more directly interested in all questions of morality than men, and from this time henceforth he intended to be a "woman's man." [Laughter.] Mr. Stewart said in ten years from now there would not be a man in the Senate opposed to female suffrage. On a vote, however, the amendment first and then the bill itself were lost. The vote on the amendment stood 19 to 27.

The world moves.

The Common Pleas Court at Pittsburg, has declared crusading to be not necessarily a crime. The ladies appealed their case from the Mayor's docket, and the Court ordered the fines imposed to be returned. This action was based on the ground that the record showed no violation of the law; that singing and praying is not necessarily disorderly conduct, and that if it becomes a nuisance, it should be tried by a jury. The decision was greeted with applause in the court-rooms.

It effectively checks the persecution. The Mayor will hardly impose more fines and the crusade will proceed as before.

A HURRICANE, accompanied with hail, visited St. Louis on Thursday, doing much damage to buildings, fences, awnings, &c. Several houses were unroofed, and signs and awnings tossed about promiscuously.

The greatest injury was done in the harbor, however, where the steamers Bismark, Bon Accord, and Belle Memphis had their chimneys blown away. The John Kyle had the after part of the hurricane deck and the forward guards stove. The ferry boat Hinkley had her cabin and chimneys carried away, and the Southern Belle was swept clean from the hull up. A number of other steamers and several barges were more or less injured.

Or the last sixteen prisoners in the Ironton jail, whisky sent fourteen. Vote for license and thus make lawful this thing of making criminals.

The lower house of Congress has passed a bill reducing the rank and file of the army from 30,000 to 25,000. The bill dispenses with a large number of supernumerary officers. It is in the line of retrenchment and economy, as the total saving is estimated at \$6,000,000.

The Ohio Editorial Association held its annual meeting in Columbus, on Friday. It adopted a resolution in favor of free exchanges, and free delivery of newspapers within the county where published.

The appropriations by Congress for this year, have been cut down fully \$30,000,000. This is encouraging. A no haul of counterfeiters—eight men and two women—was made in Cincinnati on Friday. Special detectives have been working the thing up since last July, and have done remarkably well.

The attempt of the editor of the Bulletin to intimidate the electors of the Third Ward, will prove as disastrous a failure as did similar efforts by the same agencies, at the Spring election. The voters of that Ward have sense enough to discern the hidden power which moves the aforesaid editor, and they will respond to the discomfiture of all such corrupt influences.

The editor of the Bulletin proposes to run matters in the Third Ward, at the special election. The ring of which he is spokesman, attempted to do this at the Spring election, but the thing failed. So it will again. The people of that Ward have intelligence enough to run their own local affairs. They will have "a fair deal, and no chicanery," this attempt at intimidation to the contrary notwithstanding.

Railroad Matters.
We copy the following items from the Vinton Record:

The work on the railroad below Vinton Furnace is being pushed forward rapidly and has reached a point from half to quarter of a mile from the Baird House. Last week there were 53 men and 20 teams at work, and an additional force was to arrive on Monday from Gallipolis. The men were paid off last week, and everything is in good shape, the most difficult portion of the road being finished. From the point now reached the work is comparatively light unless the workmen should strike rock in the summit at Baird, which does not appear probable from the indications, and a few weeks will materially increase the number of miles of road finished.

That portion of the railroad from Vinton Station to Gallipolis is a fixed fact—it will be finished beyond a doubt. From Vinton to Logan it remains *in statu quo*, and will remain so until the people along the road furnish the funds to complete the work.

We visited the work on the G. McA. & C. R. R. last week, and found the heaviest portion of the grading between Vinton and Eagle Furnace finished. At one place on the work we noticed where the workmen in making a cut had dug through a seam of fire clay, coal and iron ore. The three articles are all found in one small cut on the side-hill of about twelve or fifteen feet in height. We stopped at another place where the workmen were engaged in making a cut through twelve feet of hard, solid rock, hauling the stone to a fill 400 feet distant. We questioned the workmen as to the progress they were making, time along the road, the movement of their carts, and from a fair estimate for all expenses, the cost is inside of 22 cents per yard. We remember that engineer McLeod's estimate for the same kind of work on a haul of 100 feet, was 85 cents per yard. This is a fair showing for the economy with which the work is progressing.

Transfers of Real Estate.
Recorder Borton reports the following transfers of Real Estate since our last report:

Gallipolis City.—Jonathan Hamilton to Elizabeth Hamilton 110 by 120 feet in 4-acre lot No. 317; \$600. W. H. Langley, by assignees, to George W. Alexander, tract 19 on subdivision of farm, 3282. George W. Alexander to Morilla Alexander, same property, \$822. W. H. Langley, by assignees, to Thomas R. Morton, tracts 34, 35 and 37 on subdivision of farm, \$219.

Raccoon Tp.—Henry Garman to Mary Best, west 1/2 of Adamsville lots 1 and 2, John Rook to L. M. Beman, lot 17 in Centerville, \$300. William Cherrington to Chas. D. Bailey, quit claim, 80 1/2 acres; \$300.

Ellettsville Tp.—Lucas Tounine, by adm'r., to Thomas Ewing, Ewington lots 18, 19 and 20; \$184.

Harrison Tp.—John P. Boster to Isaac Boster, one share in the Phillip Boster farm; \$400.

Springfield Tp.—The heirs of Daniel Pierce to Nathaniel Glassburn, 111 acres; \$1,500. Jno. N. Kerr to Doctor Mundell, 2 1/2 acres; \$63.

Green Tp.—John G. Dameron, Jr., to Gallia Building and Loan Association, lot 4 in Rodney; consideration, payment of dues and interest on 10 shares in said Association.

Perry Tp.—The heirs of Jacob Grove to Jno. D. Jones, 40 acres; \$720.

Guyton Tp.—Henry Swindler to Isaac Sowards, 15 acres; \$135.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Questions Asked and Answered.

For the Gallipolis Journal.
EDITOR JOURNAL.—Will you please give your opinion on the following?
1st. If the new Constitution is defeated and any of the separate clauses carry will they be a part of our Constitution?
2d. If the license clause carries, can the Legislature, under that clause, enact what is known as the "Local Option Law"—that is, a law giving cities, towns, and townships the power to prohibit the sale of liquor?
3d. If the license clause is defeated, will it not leave the question just as it stands at present—that is, have not the Legislature the right to enact prohibitory laws now?
A satisfactory answer to the above questions would be thankfully received by
MANY TEMPERANCE MEN.

ANSWERED.

1st. The language in regard to the separate clauses, is, if adopted, they shall become a part of this Constitution. Their validity, therefore, as we understand it, depends upon the adoption of the new Constitution.
2d. There can be no "local option" under the license clause. The power of the Legislature is confined to licensing, (and this it may or may not do,) to restricting the traffic, and to compensating for injuries resulting from the sale. Such enactments as the "Adair law," or even more stringent and restrictive acts, would be constitutional under this section.
3d. The adoption of the anti-license clause would give power to prohibit. The present Constitution does not. The power to prohibit, is, therefore, a new power.

Participes Criminis.

For the Gallipolis Journal.

MR. EDITOR: Allow the space, in behalf of fair-dealing, to enter my protest against making Councilman Masox the scape-goat of the city Council on the salary grab question. I acknowledge he is guilty of receiving pay in violation of law, but he is no more guilty than those upon whose testimony he was convicted. If there is any crime in it, they were all partners. And I understand this system of unlawful payment for services has been practiced for some years—in deed, had its origin before Masox became a member of the Council. Now, if it is necessary that Masox should be ousted in order to "purify the Council," is it not just as necessary, to that end, that his accomplices should go out? Let the censure of the public, and the law likewise, fall on all alike. Let there be no discrimination. It is akin to criminal to screen the high, and punish the lowly. Because Mr. Masox has a dark skin, it is no reason why he should suffer all the odium and ignominy attached to this misappropriation of public funds. There are others equally guilty with Mr. Masox, and it is but fair that they should be held equally responsible.

FAIR-PLAY.

From Chambersburg.

For the Gallipolis Journal.

JUNE 1, 1874.

EDITOR JOURNAL.—Chambersburg has its advocates for temperance. The ladies are holding both private and public sessions here. We were very much impressed at last meeting (public) with their speeches. All breathed the spirit of Christ. No ostentation or barangan which has so often exhibited by the male sex. Messrs. Russell and Fletcher of this place are exhibiting to the river towns below, by light lantern, both the immediate and remote consequences of alcoholic indulgence. I understand they intend canvassing with the same this summer. Mrs. E. M. Bicknell, District Secretary of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society, entertained us quite well Sabbath evening on the Mission work. Plenty of potato bugs to keep the slothful farmer close to the work. Some are trying successfully, Paris green, others the flame. No school here just now. A 4th of July celebration in contemplation by Temperance League. CHAMBERSBURG.

Watering Places.

MR. NASH:—Some time ago, through the JOURNAL, you called the attention of Township Trustees to the importance of providing watering places on the highway. The suggestion was a good one. Will they move in the matter?

ENQUIRER.

EDITOR JOURNAL.—Please announce through your paper that Mr. WILLIAM LAWSON will be supported, for Councilman from the Third Ward, at the special election to be held June 15, 1874, as the people's candidate, without respect to previous condition, caste or color, and not pledged to any clique or sect, and oblige
MANY VOTERS.

The Welsh Congregational Church

is richly decorated with wreaths and flowers and many busy hands are to day completing the arrangements for the double wedding which has been expected for several weeks, but which takes place to-day at 5 o'clock P. M. The parties are Mr. Evan W. Jones, Jr., and Miss Maggie H. Abrams, also Mr. John T. Jones and Miss Mary J. Jones, all of Ironton, and the ceremonies are to be performed by Rev. John E. Jones, of Portland, Ohio. The Commercial reporter says that wonderful beauty will be displayed in both the brides and their dresses, but having been strictly cautioned not to say anything, he keeps his promise. The music for the occasion will be furnished by a German Professor, and no expense will be spared in order to make the wedding guests enjoy the occasion. Prettier brides never wore the orange wreath in Ironton and more worthy grooms never took Hymenial vows.—Ironton Commercial.

Excited discussion

sprang up Friday in the Presbyterian Assembly at St. Louis over the question whether St. Paul's language concerning the preaching and praying of women in public should be interpreted literally, and whether it applies to the praying of women at the weekly prayer meetings. Dr. Crosby, for the Committee on Overtures, said, "Yes, except in special cases, to be decided by the Synod," but many voices cried "No; no." The matter was finally referred to a committee. The question of total abstinence was also similarly disposed of.

General News.

A prohibitory liquor law passed the Rhode Island Legislature last week.

The pig-iron manufacturers, in session at Philadelphia, Thursday resolved to put out their fires, curtail production and wait for higher prices.

GEN. BARTOW, of Kentucky, succeeds Richardson as Secretary of the Treasury.

Hon. John Edgar Thompson, President of the Pennsylvania Railway Company, died in Philadelphia on Thursday.

Vasquez, the notorious California bandit, has been captured.

The crusade is still being vigorously prosecuted at Circleville.

John R. Allison has been excommunicated from the Walnut street M. E. Church, Chillicothe, for drinking beer and wine in a saloon.

The Grand Jury at Columbus, refused to hear witnesses against the violators of the liquor laws. It aroused considerable indignation.

In fifteen elections under the Local Option Law in California the anti-liquor people have carried eleven.

Dispatches state that the distress from famine in India is increasing. Nearly three millions of people are dependent upon the Government for food.

Isaac Cory, an old and wealthy citizen of Chillicothe, died Saturday of apoplexy.

A skiff with three unknown boys was swamped in the Allegheny River, Saturday afternoon, by a steamboat, and all were drowned.

A young man named John Home cut the throat of a young girl at Courtland, Alabama, Friday night with a barlow knife, because she refused to marry him. He was taken from jail the same night by a mob, and hanged.

About midnight of Saturday, the house of a farmer named Jones, near Zanesville, Ohio, was burned, and three children, aged respectively 6, 11, and 13, perished. The parents were absent.

Neighborhood News.

William Vaughn, at Jackson, has a chicken with four legs.

Center Furnace, Lawrence county, lost 2,500 cords of wood, by fire, last week.

The women of Jackson are quietly, but firmly, pursuing their crusade against intemperance.

The graduating class of the Ironton high school is composed of five. Among the number we find Theodore Livesay, son of Dr. G. W. Livesay.

At Pomeroy, last week, Mr. G. Wildermuth was fined \$20 and costs, by Mayor Lee, for violating the Sunday ordinance, by selling beer.

The Meigs County Fair will be held on Friday and Saturday, the 4th and 5th days of September.

A bill has passed the Lower House of Congress appropriating four condemned cannon and sixteen cannon balls to the Meigs County Monumental Association.

On Thursday or Friday last, a rock weighing a ton and over was torn by a blast from the face of the ledge at the head of Sycamore street, and rolled down into Second street, in its way passing through a stable, without a particle of injury to the same. There was a passage way for wagons through the stable, and it so happened that the rock followed it as straight as an arrow.—Pomeroy Telegraph.

A cheese factory is in operation at Chester, Meigs county. It has capacity for using the milk of three hundred cows. The company are paying three cents per quart for milk, delivered at the factory.

A case under the Adair liquor law was tried in our Court of Common Pleas last Monday. Mrs. Martin Ury, of Middleport, sued Martin Mack who kept a saloon in that place, for repeatedly selling her husband, William Ury, whisky by which he became drunken and worthless and failed to support her and his children, as a dutiful husband should do. She claimed \$299 damages, and the jury gave a verdict in her favor for \$285.—Pomeroy Telegraph.

They fine people from \$2 to \$5 for swearing at Middleport.

A new discovery of black band iron ore has been made during the past week. The vein is from three to four feet thick and underlies nearly the whole of Jackson township. New discoveries in mineral are being made here almost every day, and we risk nothing in saying that but the smallest amount of the mineral we have in the county is known at the present time. We are only on the eve of its development.—Vinton Record.

CAMP MEETING.—There will be a Camp Meeting held on Mr. Charles Simmons' place, on Symmes Creek, commencing August 19th. Those who desire ground room for tents, will report on the grounds on June 20th, for the purpose of staking off and making such other arrangements as is necessary.—Ironton Register.

The Gallipolis Journal is much improved in appearance by new type. It is one of our best exchanges.—Portsmouth Tribune.

A Mr. HOOPER, who came down on the Ohio No. 4, reports the finding of an alligator on a sand-bar above Fairview. The people in that neighborhood had noticed an unusual commotion in the water at various times for several days back, and now attribute the cause to this imported reptile. He measures about six feet in length, and was unable to find it. It is supposed he was unable to stand the amount of liquor emptied into the river by the crusaders of towns above.—Cincinnati Times.

Additional Local.

Marriages of 1837.

Vintner Burnett and Emily C. Page, 15th, John Stray, m. g.

Levi Campbell and Nancy Rife, 2d, Sandford York, j. p.

John Votel and Mary Lamb, same day.

Franklin Carel, j. p.

George Russell and Melinda Russell, 5th, George Payne, j. p.

Linza A. McCumber and Calphurnia Holcomb, 6th, Niles Holcomb, j. p.

Anthony Badgley and Mary Ann King, 12th, John Kerr, j. p.

Jacob Collins and Phebe Redman, 13th, Payne officiating.

Keizer Sawyers and Sarah Morehouse, same day, Hiram Wilcox, j. p.

James Davenport and Frances Ivy, same day, Jas. P. Wood, j. p.

Costine Mills and Phebe Nichols, 18th, Carel officiating.

Eleanor Donaldson and Elizabeth Lindsey, 20th, David Lambert, j. p.

John Canterbury and Nancy Smith, same day, Henry Neal, j. p.

Jacob Wheelbar and Sally Boyles, 26th, John White, j. p.

John Hughes and Sarah Roberts, 27th, Zimri Wells, j. p.

Joshua Curry and Lydia Jane Strong, 30th, Matthew E. Woods, j. p.

August.

William Gilliland and Charinda Boggs, 3d, Neal officiating.

Benham Nelson and Lydia Smith, 10th, Carel officiating.

Levi Boster and Leand Dewitt, same day, Strait m. g.

William H. Frazer and Elizabeth Shuler, 13th, Eli Steidman, m. g.

James White and Rebecca Grove, 15th, John White, j. p.

Andrew Guilty and Hannah Reynolds, 20th, Alex. Frazer, j. p.

William Lambert and Elizabeth Holmes, 23d, David Lambert, j. p.

John Cheesman and Sally Miller, 23d, Neal officiating.

Pheby J. Miller and Sally Cheesman, 24th, same justice.

Mathias Willberger and Mary Jane McCarley, 28th, H. R. Howe, m. g.

SEPTEMBER.

Jonas S. Roadmower and Margaret McNeal, 3d, Daniel Prose, j. p.

Martin White and Jane Campbell, 7th, same justice.

Francis Scott and Sally Boster, 10th, Alexander Campbell, j. p.

John Butcher and Hester Matilda Ann Anderson, same day, Frazer officiating.

Charles Roberts and Melissa Ross, same day, David Blake, j. p.

Thomas Whitesides and Eliza Ware, 12th, Carel officiating.

John Miller and Polly McFarlin, 13th, Wilcox officiating.

Andrew J. Manning and Sarah Ewing, 14th, same justice.

Joseph Jones and Fanny F. Mitchell, same day, William Young, Elder.

Samuel R. Smith and Mary Baird, 21st, William Preston, j. p.

Commissioners' Proceedings.

The Board of County Commissioners met in their regular June session at the Auditor's office on Monday. Present, Messrs. McDaniel, Niday and Mills.

The Board will probably conclude its labors and adjourn this (Wednesday) evening. The following business has been transacted up to going to press:

ROADS.

Petition of JACOB CHICK and others for a road alteration in Walnut township. View and survey fixed for July 14th.

Viewers, W. B. ALLISON, J. P. R. WADDELL and ROBERT CARTER, who are to meet at the beginning of the alteration.

Petition of C. C. MADY and others for alteration of road in Gallipolis and Addison townships. View and survey fixed for July 7th.

Viewers, WM. WALKER, JACOB RIGGS and STROTHER HAY, who are to meet at the beginning of the alteration.

Petition of JACOB GROVE and others for alteration of road in Green township. View and survey fixed for July 21st.

Viewers, E. A. STONK, WM. CAMPBELL and JOHN KIRKS, who are to meet at the foot of the Iron hill.

The alteration of I. BOATMAN and others was fixed for July 8th; same viewers; meet at SUTLER's school house.

Petition of JOHN SUTLER and others for the establishment of a road in Green township. View and survey fixed for July 22d.

Viewers, JOHN KIRKS, JAS. CAMPBELL and S. E. NIDAY, who are to meet at the beginning of the alteration.

Petition of B. CORRY and others for alteration of road in Gallipolis and Clay townships. View and survey fixed for July 28th.

Viewers, DANIEL MAUCK, SAMUEL ROTHEG and J. J. BRIG, who meet at the beginning of the alteration, near W. KINDEK's.

BRIDGE FUND.

SYLVESTER RUSSELL was allowed and paid \$1500 for road on abutments of the Shaver Ford Bridge, across Campaign Creek.

SAMUEL ROTHEG was allowed and paid \$21 for repairing the Big Kyger Bridge.

JACOB KIRKS was allowed \$23 for repairing the bridge at HARRINGTON'S Mill.

COUNTY REVENUE.

EPHRAIM LAMBERT was allowed \$3.30 on bond cost in the case of the State vs. Dow WALTERS.

DAVID HAY was allowed \$15 for damages to field by public travel while bridge was being built.

JOSHUA LEWIS was allowed \$5.10 on constable's cost in the case of the State vs. Jno. SHORT.

R. A. LEWIS was allowed \$6.00 J. P.'s fees in same case.

INCORPORATION.

An amended petition for annexing territory to the village of Centerville was presented by D. D. MORGAN, and granted as amended.

Our statement last week that Messrs. NORTON, CAMPBELL & Co. made 2010 tons of pig iron last year was incorrect. It should have been 2910 tons. We must remove our delusion from its accustomed place if our reporter does the like again.

REV. DAVIS, of Pomeroy, addressed a large crowd Tuesday evening on the Public Square. His subject was temperance.

The public debt was reduced \$4,450, 838 during May.

Probate Court.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Jno. H. BERRY and Anna L. Cowey, Wm. B. Kites and Elizabeth A. Young, H. C. Priestley and Magdalene Morgan, Benjamin F. Jenkins and Lucy Evans.

OTHER MATTERS.

Maria Phipps was appointed Guardian of Ida C. Cripps, minor child of William C. Cripps.

Edward Deletombe was appointed Trustee of a fund devised by Bethia S. Tupper for the benefit of the Gallia Academy.

MARRIED.

CLINE.—MORGAN.—At the residence of the bride's parents, in Perry township, May 27th, by Rev. Mr. Geo. W. Cline and Miss Mary Foss, both of Meigs county.

JENKINS.—EVANS.—On the 30th day of May, 1874, by Alexander Logue, Esq., at his office near the Court-house, Mr. BENJAMIN F. JENKINS and Miss LUCY EVANS, both of Cheshire township, Gallia county.

Another Pioneer has Departed.

EWING.—At Ewington, Gallia county, Ohio, May 27th, 1874, THOMAS EWING, aged 86 years, 9 months and 27 days. Thomas Ewing was born in Bath (now Peachmont) county, Virginia, July 30th, 1788, was married to Miss Austin Killison 1810, and emigrated to Ohio the same year; settled in Huntington township, Gallia county, remained on the same farm 57 years, and cleared over 100 acres of the same. He was early trained to the use of fire-arms and the hunting of the deer, and was just as an expert in each. When he came here this was an almost untrodden wilderness—no roads, mills or bridges, no school-house or place of public worship. The savory meat of the deer, the wild turkey and the bear, with meal pounded in a mortar and baked on a board, served for his food. He was a man of great first few years of his married life. His earnest toil and trusty rifle, furnished abundance to meet the wants of himself and family—seven girls and two boys—of whom arrived at years of maturity.

He served ten years in succession as Township Trustee, and nine years Justice of the Peace. Always voted the Whig ticket until the demise of that party, since which he has been a staunch Republican. Becoming too old to labor for his subsistence, and having lost the partner of his youth, he, some years ago, sold his farm and moved to Ewington, where he died a christian's death and rests the resurrection of the just. He was a man of more than ordinary brain, and retained, in a great measure, the vigor of his intellect to the last. Peace to his ashes.